AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 22, 2015 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 19, 2015

Senate Joint Resolution

No. 5

Introduced by Senator Nguyen (Coauthor: Senator Hertzberg) (Coauthors: Senators Hertzberg and Huff)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Chávez, Chu, and Kim, and McCarty)

March 10, 2015

Senate Joint Resolution No. 5—Relative to humanitarian resettlement.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SJR 5, as amended, Nguyen. Vietnam: humanitarian resettlement. This measure would urge Congress and the President of the United States to expand the Humanitarian Resettlement Program to allow disabled veteran officers of the South Vietnamese Army currently living in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam to enter the United States.

Fiscal committee: no.

WHEREAS, The Vietnamese-American community plays an important role in the social, cultural, and economic landscape of the State of California and the United States; and

WHEREAS, The Socialist Republic of Vietnam's human rights violations and corrupt judicial system have resulted in the incarceration of peaceful dissidents without due process; and

WHEREAS, Despite the renewal of diplomatic relations between the United States and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam in 1995, and the launching of the United States-Vietnam Comprehensive

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Partnership in July 2013, significant human rights violations continue to persist; and

WHEREAS, The Global Network for Rights and Development's 2014 International Human Rights Rank Indicator ranks the Socialist Republic of Vietnam as one of the 15 countries who are the worst offenders of human rights in the world; and

WHEREAS, The United States government and the American people have a commitment to assisting individuals that fought as allies in the Vietnam War and continue to face persecution and threats from the Communist government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam; and

WHEREAS, The veterans of the South Vietnamese Army, also known as the Quân Lực Việt Nam Cộng Hòa, showed their commitment to the United States by fighting alongside the United States Armed Forces during the Vietnam War and have suffered greatly since April 30, 1975; War; and

WHEREAS, The Humanitarian Resettlement Program, also known as and the Orderly Departure Program, has have allowed for the resettlement to the United States of former reeducation center detainees, former Vietnamese employees of the United States government, and former Vietnamese employees of private American companies and organizations prior to April 30, 1975; 1975, and from 1997 to 2009, inclusive, sons and daughters of former Vietnamese were included in what became known as the McCain Amendment; and

WHEREAS, Disabled veterans of the South Vietnamese Army, also known as the Quân Lực Việt Nam Cộng Hòa, have suffered a lifetime of great challenges and discrimination. Yet, *some* disabled veterans were excluded from the Humanitarian Resettlement Program *and the Orderly Departure Program* because they were not detained in reeducation camps for the requisite number of years due to their physical disabilities; and

WHEREAS, Thousands of disabled veterans of the South Vietnamese Army, also known as the Quân Lực Việt Nam Cộng Hòa, and their families are still living in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, facing continued persecution from the government, including a lack of access to jobs, housing, and education; and

WHEREAS, April 30, 2015, marks the 40th year since the Fall of Saigon; and

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WHEREAS,—Amending Promoting the Humanitarian Resettlement Program, also known as and the Orderly Departure Program, Program to include disabled veterans of the South Vietnamese Army, also known as the Quân Luc Viêt Nam Công Hòa, and their sons and daughters, would rightfully bring these veterans and their families into a program that was meant to include them but inadvertently left them out; programs that, by their terms, excluded some disable veterans; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and the Assembly of the State of California, jointly, That the Legislature respectfully urges the President and the Vice President of the United States and the United States Congress to-expand reauthorize the Humanitarian Resettlement Program and the Orderly Departure Program to allow disabled veterans of the South Vietnamese Army and their families currently living in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam to apply to enter the United States; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the President and the Vice President of the United States, to the Majority Leader of the Senate, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to each Senator and Representative from California in the Congress of the United States, and to the author for appropriate distribution.